

Chapter 7 Section 5

Russia: Reform and Reaction

Give three examples that show why Russia was viewed as the **colossus** of Europe.

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Who was the top social class in Russian society?

Who were the **serfs** in Russian society?

What does your book mean when it says, “tsars had ruled with absolute power?”

Who was emancipated in 1861? What changes did this bring to Russian society?

List three reforms made by the Tsar:

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What did the **radicals** want in Russian society?

What does the word **crackdown** mean in the context of Russian society?

Which religious group was persecuted by the Russian Czar?

What is a **pogrom**?

List three social problems that were the result of the Tsar's drive to industrialize Russia?

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Whose ideas did the Russian Socialists look to as a solution to Russia's problems?

What happened on **Bloody Sunday**?

List three types of protests that occurred in the **Revolution of 1905**:

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What did the Tsar promise in the **October Manifesto**?

What was the role of the **Duma**? What powers did it have?

In 1906, why did the Tsar dissolve the Duma?

Peter Stolypin restore order to Russian society?

What reforms did Stolypin make to Russian society?

According to your textbook, how successful were Stolypin's reforms?